

WASHINGTON STATE COUNTY AUDITOR/RECORDER'S
INDEXING FORM

**RECORDING REQUESTED BY
AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:**

Coastal Community Bank
c/o Aven Financial, Inc.
910 Campisi Way Suite 2D
Campbell, CA 95008
NMLS # 462289

Document Title(s) (or transactions contained therein): Home Equity Line of Credit Deed of Trust

Grantor(s) (Last name first, then first name and initials)

1. Zavala, Gerardo **aka Zavala, Gary**
2. Zavala, Brenna

Grantee(s) (Last name first, then first name and initials)

Coastal Community Bank c/o Aven Financial, Inc.

Legal Description: 19428 SKYDDA LN, MOUNT VERNON, WA 98273
Additional legal description is Exhibit A of document.

Assessor's Property Tax Parcel or Account Number: P15544

Reference Number(s) of Documents assigned or released: N/A

The Auditor or Recording Officer will rely on the information provided on this form. The staff will not read the document to verify the accuracy of or the completeness of the indexing information provided herein.

Trustee: Doma Insurance Agency, Inc

Abbreviated Legal: PTN GOV LOT 2, SE 1/4 NW 1/4 9-33-3E, WM, SKAGIT COUNTY WA

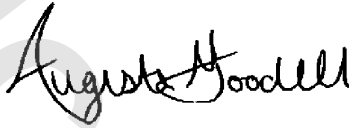
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Coastal Community Bank
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910 Campisi Way Suite 2D
Campbell, CA 95008
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Property Address:
19428 SKYDDA LN
MOUNT VERNON, WA 98273

APN: P15544

This Instrument Prepared By:
Auguste Goodell, Lien Officer
Aven Financial, Inc.
910 Campisi Way Suite 2D
Campbell, CA 95008



_____[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]_____

HOME EQUITY LINE OF CREDIT DEED OF TRUST**(Securing Future Advances)****(Variable Interest Rate)**

THIS DEED OF TRUST SECURES FUTURE ADVANCES MADE PURSUANT TO A REVOLVING CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT SECURES A CREDIT AGREEMENT THAT PROVIDES FOR A VARIABLE INTEREST RATE AND THE RIGHT TO REPAY AND REBORROW ON A REVOLVING BASIS. THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT TO BE ADVANCED PURSUANT TO THE REVOLVING CREDIT AGREEMENT IS \$324,000.00 AND, ACCORDINGLY, LOANS AND ADVANCES UP TO THIS AMOUNT (TOGETHER WITH INTEREST AND FEES) SHALL BE VALID AND HAVE PRIORITY OVER ALL INTERESTS, LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES RECORDED OR OTHERWISE ATTACHING SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE HEREOF. This Security Instrument secures a revolving credit loan and shall secure not only presently existing indebtedness under the Credit Agreement, but also future advances, whether those advances are obligatory or to be made at Lender's option, or otherwise, to the same extent as if any such future advances were made on the date of the execution of this Security Instrument, although there may be no advances made at the time of the execution of this Security Instrument, and although there may be no indebtedness outstanding at the time any advance is made. The lien of this Security Instrument will be valid as to all indebtedness secured by this Security Instrument, including future advances, from the time of its filing for record in the recorder's office of the county in which the Property is located. The total amount of indebtedness secured by this Security Instrument may increase or decrease from time to time, as provided in the Credit Agreement, and any advances or disbursements which Lender may make pursuant to the terms of this Security Instrument, the Credit Agreement, or any other related document (including, but not limited to, for payment of taxes, special assessments, insurance premiums or other advances to protect Lender's liens and security interests on the Property) shall be additional indebtedness secured hereby. Except for any deed of trust, mortgage or other voluntary security instrument that is senior in lien priority to this Security Instrument as of the date hereof, this Security Instrument will be valid and have priority over all subsequent liens and encumbrances, including statutory liens, except taxes and assessments levied on the Property not yet due and payable, to the extent of the maximum amount secured hereby.

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined elsewhere in this document. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 15.

"Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated August 12th, 2026, together with all Riders to this document.

"Borrower" is each person listed below. The Borrower's address is 19428 SKYDDA LN, MOUNT VERNON, WA 98273.

- Primary applicant: Gerardo Zavala **aka Gary Zavala**
- Coapplicant: Brenna Zavala

The Property at 19428 SKYDDA LN, MOUNT VERNON, WA 98273 is being pledged by

- Primary applicant: Gerardo Zavala **aka Gary Zavala**
- and
- Coapplicant: Brenna Zavala

who is the trustor/mortgagor under this Security Instrument ("Vested Party"). The Vested Party's primary address is 19428 SKYDDA LN, MOUNT VERNON, WA 98273. If the Vested Party's name is identical to the Borrower's name, then Borrower is the Vested Party and all property-related grants and covenants apply to the Borrower; otherwise, if applicable, see the Rider that is incorporated by reference into this Security Instrument.

"Co-Grantor" means any Borrower who signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Credit Agreement.

"Lender" is Coastal Community Bank. Lender is a state-chartered commercial bank organized and existing under the laws of the State of Washington. Lender's address is c/o Aven Financial, Inc. 910 Campisi Way Suite 2D, Campbell, CA 95008. Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

"Trustee" is Doma Insurance Agency, Inc..

"Credit Agreement" refers to the Cardholder Account Agreement dated August 12th, 2026 (the "Account Opening Date") and signed by each Borrower who is legally obligated for the debt under the agreement, that is in either: (i) paper form, using Borrower's written pen and ink signature, or (ii) electronic form, using Borrower's adopted Electronic Signature in accordance with the UETA or E-SIGN, as applicable. The Credit Agreement evidences and establishes a revolving line of credit, which obligates Lender to make advances to Borrower so long as Borrower complies with all of the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement. Such advances may be made, repaid and remade from time to time, subject to the limitation that the total outstanding balance at any one time that Borrower owes Lender shall not exceed an amount equal to the Credit Limit (as defined in the Credit Agreement) of 324,000.00 Dollars (U.S. **\$324,000.00**) plus interest and fees. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than the Maturity Date (as defined in the Credit Agreement), or on such later date as may be permitted in writing, or at such earlier date in the event such indebtedness is accelerated in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement and/or this Security Instrument. The interest rate under the Credit Agreement may increase or decrease from time to time, as set forth more fully in the Credit Agreement, and, as a result, the dollar amount of the Periodic Payments required under the Credit Agreement may also increase or decrease. All references to interest in this Security Instrument shall be to the variable rate of interest set forth in the Credit Agreement.

"Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

"Loan" means all amounts owed now or hereafter under the Credit Agreement, including without limitation principal, interest, any prepayment charges, late charges and other fees and charges due under the Credit Agreement, and also all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

"Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal law and, to the extent not preempted by federal law, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

"Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners' association or similar organization.

"Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

"Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 4) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

"Periodic Payment" means the payment amounts as they become due under the Credit Agreement.

"Rents" means all amounts received by or due Borrower in connection with the lease, use, and/or occupancy of the Property by a party other than Borrower.

"Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Credit Agreement and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all future advances, renewals, extensions and modifications of the Credit Agreement including any future advances made at a time when no indebtedness is currently secured by this Security Instrument; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Credit Agreement. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in

trust, with power of sale, the following described Property located at 19428 SKYDDA LN, MOUNT VERNON, WA 98273 ("Property Address"), which is also located in: Skagit County and as may be more fully described in Exhibit A.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or subsequently erected on the property, including replacements and additions to the improvements on such property, all property rights, including, without limitation, all easements, appurtenances, royalties, mineral rights, oil or gas rights or profits, water rights, and fixtures now or subsequently a part of the property. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER REPRESENTS, WARRANTS, COVENANTS, AND AGREES that: (i) Borrower lawfully owns and possesses the Property conveyed in this Security Instrument in fee simple or lawfully has the right to use and occupy the Property under a leasehold estate; (ii) Borrower has the right to grant, and convey the Property or Borrower's leasehold interest in the Property; (iii) the Property will not be used for or in connection with any illegal activity; and (iv) the Property is unencumbered, and not subject to any other ownership interest in the Property, except for encumbrances and ownership interests of record as of the date of this Security Instrument. Borrower warrants generally the title to the Property and covenants and agrees to defend the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances and ownership interests of record as of Loan closing.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Prepayment, Other Charges and Escrows. Subject to Section 12, Borrower will pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Credit Agreement and any prepayment charges, late charges and other charges due under the Credit Agreement. Payments due under the Credit Agreement and this Security Instrument must be made in U.S. currency. If any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Credit Agreement and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Credit Agreement or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 14. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future.

Subject to Applicable Law, Lender may, upon notice either before or after the execution of this Security Instrument, require Borrower to pay amounts into an escrow or impound account with the Lender up to the maximum amount permitted by law for the payment of all (a) taxes, assessments (including condominium assessments, if any) and other items which may attain priority over this Security Instrument; (b) premiums for any insurance required by Lender under Section 4; and (c) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise provided in the Credit Agreement or Applicable Law, Lender may apply payments in any order that Lender deems appropriate. Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Credit Agreement will not extend or postpone the due date of subsequent Periodic Payments.

3. Charges; Liens. Borrower must pay (a) all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which have priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument, (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and (c) Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any.

Borrower must promptly discharge any lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (aa) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing under such agreement; (bb) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which Lender determines, in its sole discretion, operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (cc) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument (collectively, the "Required Actions"). If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and Borrower has not taken any of the Required Actions in regard to such lien, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days after the date on which that notice is given, Borrower must satisfy the lien or take one or more of the Required Actions.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

4. Property Insurance.

(a) Insurance Requirements; Coverages. Borrower must keep the improvements now existing or subsequently erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes, winds, and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. Borrower must

maintain the types of insurance the Lender requires in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan and may exceed any minimum coverage required by Applicable Law. Borrower may choose the insurance carrier providing the insurance, subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right will not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

(b) Failure to Maintain Insurance. If Lender has a reasonable basis to believe that Borrower has failed to maintain any of the required insurance coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Unless required by Applicable Law, Lender is under no obligation to advance premiums for, or to seek to reinstate, any prior lapsed coverage obtained by Borrower. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage and may select the provider of such insurance in its sole discretion. Before purchasing such coverage, Lender will notify Borrower if required to do so under Applicable Law. Any such coverage will insure Lender, but might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect, but not exceeding the coverage required under Section 4(a). Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained may significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender for costs associated with reinstating Borrower's insurance policy or with placing new insurance under this Section 4 will become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts will bear interest at the rate applicable to the Credit Agreement from time to time, from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(c) Insurance Policies. All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies: (i) will be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies; (ii) must include a standard mortgage clause; and (iii) must name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Upon Lender's request, Borrower must promptly give to Lender copies of all policies, renewal certificates, receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy must include a standard mortgage clause and must name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

(d) Proof of Loss; Application of Proceeds. In the event of loss and subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to insurance proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights, the following provisions in this Section 4(d) shall apply. Borrower must give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and determines that Lender's security will not be lessened by such restoration or repair.

During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including, but not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements), provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower will not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and will be the sole obligation of Borrower.

If Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the insurance proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

(e) Insurance Settlements; Assignment of Proceeds. If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 21 or otherwise, Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender (i) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument, and (ii) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, to the extent that such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. If Lender files, negotiates, or settles a claim, Borrower agrees that any insurance proceeds may be made payable directly to Lender without the need to include

Borrower as an additional loss payee. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property (as provided in Section 4(d)) or to pay amounts unpaid under the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to insurance proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

5. Occupancy. Borrower must occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and must continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

6. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower will not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower must maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless Lender determines pursuant to Section 4 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower will promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage.

If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid to Lender in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower will be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower remains obligated to complete such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If Lender has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender will give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

7. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower will be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan, including, but not limited to, overstating Borrower's income or assets, understating or failing to provide documentation of Borrower's debt obligations and liabilities, and misrepresenting Borrower's occupancy or intended occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

8. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument.

(a) Protection of Lender's Interest. If (i) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument or any obligation that is secured by a lien that has priority over this Security Instrument; (ii) there is a legal proceeding or government order that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument, or to enforce laws or regulations); or (iii) Lender reasonably believes that Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions may include, but are not limited to: (I) paying any sums secured by a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument; (II) appearing in court; and (III) paying: (A) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (B) property inspection and valuation fees; and (C) other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, exterior and interior inspections of the Property, entering the Property to make repairs, changing locks, replacing or boarding up doors and windows, draining water from pipes, eliminating building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and having utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 8, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. Lender will not be liable for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 8.

(b) Avoiding Foreclosure; Mitigating Losses. If Borrower is in default, Lender may work with Borrower to avoid foreclosure and/or mitigate Lender's potential losses, but is not obligated to do so unless required by Applicable Law. Lender may take reasonable actions to evaluate Borrower for available alternatives to foreclosure, including, but not limited to, obtaining credit reports, title reports, title insurance, property valuations, subordination agreements, and third-party approvals. Borrower authorizes and consents to these actions. Any costs associated with such loss mitigation activities may be paid by Lender and recovered from Borrower as described below in Section 8(c), unless prohibited by Applicable Law.

(c) Additional Amounts Secured. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 8 will become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts may bear interest at the rate applicable to the Credit Agreement from time to time, from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(d) Leasehold Terms. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower will comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title will not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

9. Assignment of Rents.

(a) Assignment of Rents. If the Property is leased to, used by, or occupied by a third party ("Tenant"), Borrower is unconditionally assigning and transferring to Lender any Rents, regardless of to whom the Rents are payable. Borrower authorizes Lender to collect the Rents, and agrees that each Tenant will pay the Rents to Lender, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Rents that are superior to Lender's rights. However, Borrower will receive the Rents until (i) Lender has given Borrower notice of default pursuant to Section 21, and (ii) Lender has given notice to the Tenant that the Rents are to be paid to Lender. This Section 9 constitutes an absolute assignment and not an assignment for additional security only.

(b) Notice of Default. If Lender gives notice of default to Borrower, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Rents that are superior to Lender's rights: (i) all Rents received by Borrower must be held by Borrower as trustee for the benefit of Lender only, to be applied to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (ii) Lender will be entitled to collect and receive all of the Rents; (iii) Borrower agrees to instruct each Tenant that Tenant is to pay all Rents due and unpaid to Lender upon Lender's written demand to the Tenant; (iv) Borrower will ensure that each Tenant pays all Rents due to Lender and will take whatever action is necessary to collect such Rents if not paid to Lender; (v) unless Applicable Law provides otherwise, all Rents collected by Lender will be applied first to the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and collecting the Rents, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, receiver's fees, premiums on receiver's bonds, repair and maintenance costs, insurance premiums, taxes, assessments, and other charges on the Property, and then to any other sums secured by this Security Instrument; (vi) Lender, or any judicially appointed receiver, will be liable to account for only those Rents actually received; and (vii) Lender will be entitled to have a receiver appointed to take possession of and manage the Property and collect the Rents and profits derived from the Property without any showing as to the inadequacy of the Property as security.

(c) Funds Paid by Lender. If the Rents are not sufficient to cover the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and of collecting the Rents, any funds paid by Lender for such purposes will become indebtedness of Borrower to Lender secured by this Security Instrument pursuant to Section 8.

(d) Limitation on Collection of Rents. Borrower may not collect any of the Rents more than one month in advance of the time when the Rents become due, except for security or similar deposits.

(e) No Other Assignment of Rents. Except with respect to any lienholder with rights to Rents that are superior to Lender's rights, Borrower represents, warrants, covenants, and agrees that Borrower has not signed any prior assignment of the Rents, will not make any further assignment of the Rents, and has not performed, and will not perform, any act that could prevent Lender from exercising its rights under this Security Instrument.

(f) Control and Maintenance of the Property. Unless required by Applicable Law, Lender, or a receiver appointed under Applicable Law, is not obligated to enter upon, take control of, or maintain the Property before or after giving notice of default to Borrower. However, Lender, or a receiver appointed under Applicable Law, may do so at any time when Borrower is in Default, subject to Applicable Law.

(g) Additional Provisions. Any application of the Rents will not cure or waive any default or invalidate any other right or remedy of Lender. This Section 9 does not relieve Borrower of Borrower's obligations under Section 5.

This Section 9 will terminate when all the sums secured by this Security Instrument are paid in full and the line of credit created by the Credit Agreement has been terminated.

10. Assignment and Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture.

(a) Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds. Borrower is unconditionally assigning the right to receive all Miscellaneous Proceeds to Lender and agrees that such amounts will be paid to Lender, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

(b) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds Upon Damage to Property. If the Property is damaged, any Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and Lender's security will not be lessened by such restoration or repair. During such repair and restoration period, Lender will have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect the Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including, but not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements) provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. Unless Lender and Borrower agree in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. Subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights, if Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

(c) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds upon Condemnation, Destruction, or Loss in Value of the Property.

Subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights, in the event of a total or partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, all of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

(d) Settlement of Claims. Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, or to restoration or repair of the Property, if Borrower (i) abandons the Property, or (ii) fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date Lender notifies Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to settle a claim for damages, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower the Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to the Miscellaneous Proceeds.

(e) Proceeding Affecting Lender's Interest in the Property. Borrower will be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender the proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property, which proceeds will be paid to Lender. All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower will not be released from liability under this Security Instrument if Lender extends the time for payment or modifies the amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument. Lender will not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower, or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities, or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, will not be a waiver of, or preclude the exercise of, any right or remedy by Lender.

12. Joint and Several Liability; Co-Grantor; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument will be joint and several. However, any Borrower who signs this Security Instrument but does not sign the Credit Agreement: (a) signs this Security Instrument to mortgage, grant, and convey such Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) signs this Security Instrument to waive any applicable inchoate rights such as dower and curtesy and any available homestead exemptions; (c) signs this Security Instrument to assign any Miscellaneous Proceeds, Rents, or other earnings from the Property to Lender; (d) is not personally obligated to pay the sums due under the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument; and (e) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear, or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument without such Borrower's consent and without affecting such Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument.

Subject to the provisions of Section 17, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, will obtain all of Borrower's rights, obligations, and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower will not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing.

13. Loan Charges.

(a) Tax and Flood Determination Fees. Lender may require Borrower to pay (i) a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan, and (ii) either (A) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification, and tracking services, or (B) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur that reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower will also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, or any successor agency, at any time during the Loan term, in connection with any flood zone determinations.

(b) Default Charges. If permitted under Applicable Law, Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection, valuation, mediation, and loss mitigation fees; and (iii) other related fees.

(c) Permissibility of Fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower should not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

(d) Savings Clause. If Applicable Law sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then (i) any such loan charge will be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit, and (ii) any

sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Credit Agreement or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Credit Agreement). To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

14. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing.

(a) Notices to Borrower. Unless Applicable Law requires a different method, any written notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Borrower when (i) mailed by first class mail, or (ii) actually delivered to Borrower's Notice Address (as defined in Section 14(c) below) if sent by means other than first class mail or Electronic Communication (as defined in Section 14(b) below). Notice to any one Borrower will constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. If any notice to Borrower required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

(b) Electronic Notice to Borrower. Unless another delivery method is required by Applicable Law, Lender may provide notice to Borrower by e-mail or other electronic communication ("Electronic Communication") if: (i) agreed to by Lender and Borrower in writing; (ii) Borrower has provided Lender with Borrower's e-mail or other electronic address ("Electronic Address"); (iii) Lender provides Borrower with the option to receive notices by first class mail or by other non-Electronic Communication instead of by Electronic Communication; and (iv) Lender otherwise complies with Applicable Law. Any notice to Borrower sent by Electronic Communication in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Borrower when sent unless Lender becomes aware that such notice is not delivered. If Lender becomes aware that any notice sent by Electronic Communication is not delivered, Lender will resend such communication to Borrower by first class mail or by other non-Electronic Communication. Borrower may withdraw the agreement to receive Electronic Communications from Lender at any time by providing written notice to Lender of Borrower's withdrawal of such agreement.

(c) Borrower's Notice Address. The address to which Lender will send Borrower notice ("Notice Address") will be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a different address by written notice to Lender. If Lender and Borrower have agreed that notice may be given by Electronic Communication, then Borrower may designate an Electronic Address as Notice Address. Borrower will promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of Notice Address, including any changes to Borrower's Electronic Address if designated as Notice Address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of Notice Address, then Borrower will report a change of Notice Address only through that specified procedure.

(d) Notices to Lender. Any notice to Lender will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated in this Security Instrument unless Lender has designated another address (including an Electronic Address) by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Lender only when actually received by Lender at Lender's designated address (which may include an Electronic Address). If any notice to Lender required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

(e) Borrower's Physical Address. In addition to the designated Notice Address, Borrower will provide Lender with the address where Borrower physically resides, if different from the Property Address, and notify Lender whenever this address changes.

15. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument is governed by federal law and, to the extent not preempted by federal law, the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. If any provision of this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement conflicts with Applicable Law (i) such conflict will not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement that can be given effect without the conflicting provision, and (ii) such conflicting provision, to the extent possible, will be considered modified to comply with Applicable Law. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence should not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. Any action required under this Security Instrument to be made in accordance with Applicable Law is to be made in accordance with the Applicable Law in effect at the time the action is undertaken.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words in the singular will mean and include the plural and vice versa; (b) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action; (c) any reference to "Section" in this document refers to Sections contained in this Security Instrument unless otherwise noted; and (d) the headings and captions are inserted for convenience of reference and do not define, limit, or describe the scope or intent of this Security Instrument or any particular Section, paragraph, or provision.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower will be given one copy of this Security Instrument and one copy of the Credit Agreement.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or

transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, Lender will not exercise this option if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower will have the right to reinstate the Loan and have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time up to the later of (a) five days before any foreclosure sale of the Property, or (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate. This right to reinstate will not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 17.

To reinstate the Loan, Borrower must satisfy all of the following conditions: (aa) pay Lender all sums that then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Credit Agreement as if no acceleration had occurred; (bb) cure any default of any other covenants or agreements under this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement; (cc) pay all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, including, but not limited to: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection and valuation fees; and (iii) other fees incurred to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement; and (dd) take such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, will continue unchanged.

Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (aaa) cash; (bbb) money order; (ccc) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check, or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a U.S. federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (ddd) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon Borrower's reinstatement of the Loan, this Security Instrument and obligations secured by this Security Instrument will remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred.

19. Sale of Credit Agreement; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Credit Agreement or a partial interest in the Credit Agreement (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. Upon such a sale or other transfer, all of Lender's rights and obligations under this Security Instrument will convey to Lender's successors and assigns. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Credit Agreement and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Credit Agreement, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Credit Agreement. Lender may take any action permitted under this Security Instrument through the Loan Servicer or another authorized representative, such as a sub-servicer. Borrower understands that the Loan Servicer or other authorized representative of Lender has the right and authority to take any such action. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information required by Applicable Law in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Credit Agreement is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Credit Agreement, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the purchaser of the Credit Agreement unless otherwise provided by the purchaser of the Credit Agreement.

Until Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (in accordance with Section 14) of an alleged breach and afforded the other party a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action, neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (either as an individual litigant or a member of a class) that (a) arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, or (b) alleges that the other party has breached any provision of this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement. If Applicable Law provides a time period that must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this Section 19. The notice of default given to Borrower pursuant to Section 21 will be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 19.

20. Hazardous Substances.

(a) Definitions. As used in this Section 20: (i) "Environmental Law" means any Applicable Laws where the Property is located that relate to health, safety, or environmental protection; (ii) "Hazardous Substances" include (A) those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law, and (B) the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, corrosive materials or agents, and radioactive materials; (iii) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (iv) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

(b) Restrictions on Use of Hazardous Substances. Borrower will not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower will not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that: (i) violates Environmental Law; (ii) creates an Environmental Condition; or (iii) due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects or could adversely affect the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences will not

apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

(c) Notices; Remedial Actions. Borrower will promptly give Lender written notice of: (i) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit, or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge; (ii) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release, or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance; and (iii) any condition caused by the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance that adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower will promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing in this Security Instrument will create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Borrower will be in default if (1) any payment required by the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument is not made when it is due; (2) Lender discovers that Borrower or any person signing the Credit Agreement has committed fraud or made a material misrepresentation in connection with the Loan; (3) Borrower takes any action or fails to take any action including, but not limited to, actions or inactions prohibited by Section 17 that adversely affects Lender's rights under this Security Instrument, any of Lender's other security for the Credit Agreement, or any right Lender has in the Property; or (4) Borrower or any person signing the Credit Agreement is an executive officer of Lender and federal law permits or requires immediate payment of the Loan. If a default occurs (other than under Section 17, unless Applicable Law provides otherwise), Lender will give Borrower notice specifying: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days (or as otherwise specified by Applicable Law) from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the future. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration, the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale, and any other matters required to be included in the notice by Applicable Law. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and/or any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold. Trustee and Lender shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of the Property for a period or periods permitted by Applicable Law by public announcement at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the sale took place.

22. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument and termination of the line of credit created by the Credit Agreement, Lender will request Trustee to reconvey the Property and will surrender this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee will reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons will pay any recordation costs associated with such release to the extent permitted by applicable law. Lender may charge such person or persons a fee for reconveying the Property, but only if the fee is paid to a third party (such as the Trustee) for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

23. Attorneys' Fees. As used in this Security Instrument and the Credit Agreement, attorneys' fees shall include those awarded by an appellate court and any attorneys' fees incurred in a bankruptcy proceeding.

24. Jury Trial Waiver. Borrower waives any right to a trial by jury in any action, proceeding, claim, or counterclaim, whether in contract or tort, at law or in equity, arising out of or in any way related to this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement.

25. Substitute Trustee. In accordance with Applicable Law, Lender may from time to time appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder who has ceased to act. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor

trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

26. Use of Property. The Property is not used principally for agricultural purposes

ORAL AGREEMENTS OR ORAL COMMITMENTS TO LOAN MONEY, EXTEND CREDIT, OR TO FORBEAR FROM ENFORCING REPAYMENT OF A DEBT ARE NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

Signed by:

Gerardo Zavala

5C678D3FECA24DC...

Gerardo Zavala aka Gary Zavala

Date: 8/12/2026

Signed by:

Brenna Zavala

697E18A8A3E9425...

Brenna Zavala

Date: 8/14/2026

____ [Space Below This Line for Notarial Acknowledgment] ____

NOTARIAL CERTIFICATE**Remote Acknowledgement for Principal Located in the US****Title of Document(s): Deed of Trust**

State of Montana
County of MISSOULA

This record was acknowledged before me by the use of communication technology on 8/12/2026, by Gerardo Zavala, who was located in MOUNT VERNON, WA at the time of this notarial act.

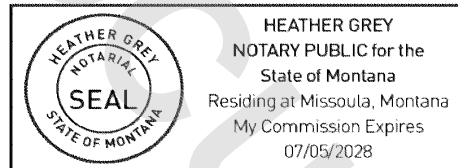
aka Gary Zavala**Signed by:**

587DB24298BD486...

Heather Grey, NOTARY PUBLIC

Notarized online using audio-visual communication

Signed by:

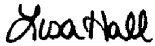


NOTARIAL CERTIFICATE

Remote Acknowledgement for Principal Located in the US

Title of Document(s): Deed of TrustState of Montana
County of RAVALLI

This record was acknowledged before me by the use of communication technology on 8/14/2026, by Brenna Zavala,
who was located in MOUNT VERNON, WA at the time of this notarial act.

DocuSigned by:

EA4735C5C40242D...

LISA HALL, NOTARY PUBLIC

Notarized online using audio-visual communication

Signed by:

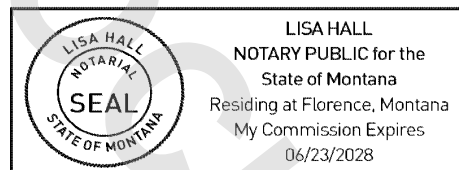


Exhibit A

Legal Property Description

The following described property:

SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF SKAGIT AND STATE OF WASHINGTON.

THAT PORTION OF GOVERNMENT LOT 2 AND THE SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 9, TOWNSHIP 33 NORTH, RANGE 3 EAST, W.M., DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT ON THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 WHICH LIES NORTH 89 DEGREES 43' 16" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 42.59 FEET FROM THE SOUTHWEST CORNER THEREOF;

THENCE NORTH 56 DEGREES 47'47" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 131.98 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 34 DEGREES 11'54" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 69.02 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 21 DEGREES 17'42" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 27.77 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 19 DEGREES 12'33" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 63.22 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 12 DEGREES 36'03" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 33.05 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 00 DEGREES 54'00" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 78.87 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 6 DEGREES 45'05" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 28.68 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 54 DEGREES 46'14" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 90.74 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 35 DEGREES 13'46" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 247.73 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 13 DEGREES 12'31" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 25.53 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 4 DEGREES 56'24" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 21.37 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 56 DEGREES 47'47" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 25.22 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THIS DESCRIPTION.

TOGETHER, WITH AN EASEMENT FOR INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF A SEPTIC SYSTEM AND DRAINFIELD OVER, UNDER AND THROUGH THAT PORTION OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4, OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 9, TOWNSHIP 33 NORTH, RANGE 3 EAST, W.M DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT ON THE SOUTH LINE OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 9 WHICH LIES SOUTH 89 DEGREES 43'16" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 42.59 FEET FROM THE SOUTHWEST CORNER, THEREOF,

THENCE NORTH 56 DEGREES 47'47" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 27.55 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THIS DESCRIPTION,
THENCE NORTH 33 DEGREES 12'15" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 74.54 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 56 DEGREES 47'47" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 73.97 FEET,
THENCE SOUTH 45 DEGREES 14'35" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 76.22 FEET,
THENCE SOUTH 56 DEGREES 47'47" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 89.87 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THIS DESCRIPTION.

AND TOGETHER WITH AN EASEMENT FOR INGRESS, EGRESS, AND UTILITIES OVER, UNDER, AND THROUGH THAT PORTION OF THE WEST 1/2 OF SECTION 9, TOWNSHIP 33 NORTH, RANGE 3 EAST, W.M., DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT ON THE SOUTH LINE OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 9 WHICH LIES NORTH 89 DEGREES 43'16" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 197.43 FEET FROM THE SOUTHWEST CORNER THEREOF,

THENCE NORTH 21 DEGREES 17'42" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 15.49 FEET TO A POINT ON THE WEST LINE OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED 60 FOOT EASEMENT FOR SKYDDA LANE
THENCE SOUTH 34 DEGREES 11'54" EAST ALONG THE WEST LINE OF SAID EASEMENT FOR SKYDDA LANE, A DISTANCE OF 81.24 FEET
THENCE SOUTH 19 DEGREES 12'33" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 13.66 FEET

THENCE SOUTH 12 DEGREES 36'03" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 36.25 FEET,
THENCE SOUTH 00 DEGREES 54'00" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 79.90 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 6 DEGREES 45'05" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 16.81 FEET,
THENCE SOUTH 54 DEGREES 46'14" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 22.75 FEET,
THENCE NORTH 6 DEGREES 45'05 WEST, A DISTANCE OF 28.68 FEET
THENCE NORTH 00 DEGREES 54:00 WEST A DISTANCE OF 78.87 JEET
THENCE NORTH 12 DEGREES 36,113" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 33.05 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 19 DEGREES 12'31". WEST,, A DISTANCE OF 63.22 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 21 DEGREES 17'42", WEST, A DISTANCE OF 12.28 FEET TO THE POINT OF
BEGINNING OF THIS DESCRIPTION.

AND TOGETHER WITH AND/SUBJECT TO A SIXTY (60) FOOT WIDE EASEMENT FOR INGRESS,
EGRESS AND UTILITIES OVER, UNDER AND THROUGH THAT PRIVATE ROAD KNOWN AS
SKYDDA LANE. SAID SIXTY (60) FOOT EASEMENT SHALL BE 30 FEET ON EACH SIDE OF THE
CENTERLINE OF SKYDDA LANE AS IT NOW EXISTS.

SUBJECT TO A TEN (10) FOOT WIDE UTILITY EASEMENT FOR INSTALLATION, OPERATION
AND MAINTENANCE OF A POWER LINE OVER, UNDER AND THROUGH THAT PORTION OF THE
WEST 1/2 OF SECTION 9, TOWNSHIP 33 NORTH, RANGE 3 EAST, W.M., THE CENTERLINE OF
WHICH IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT ON THE SOUTH LINE OF TILE SOUTHEAST, 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST
1/4 OF SAID SECTION 9 WHICH LIES SOUTH 89 DEGREES 43'16" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 42.59
FEET FROM THE SOUTHWEST CORNER THEREOF;
THENCE NORTH 56 DEGREES 47'47" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 90.06 FEET TO THE POINT OF
BEGINNING OF THIS CENTERLINE DESCRIPTION;
THENCE SOUTH 36 DEGREES 36'14" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 88.22 FEET;
THENCE SOUTH 15 DEGREES 45'100" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 202.44 FEET TO THE SOUTH LINE
OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED PARCEL AND THE TERMINAL POINT OF THIS CENTERLINE
DESCRIPTION.

ABBREVIATED LEGAL: PTN GOV. LOT 2, SE 1/4 NW 1/4 9-33-3E, WM, SKAGIT COUNTY WA

Assessor's Parcel No: P15544